



Hamworthy Purewell VariHeat

Condensing & Non-Condensing Fully Modulating, Pre-mix Gas-Fired, High Efficiency Cast Iron Modular boilers

Single Boiler Outputs 65 kW to 180 kW







Heating at work.

Purewell VariHeat

Condensing & Non-Condensing Fully Modulating, Pre-mix Gas Fired High Efficiency Cast Iron Modular Boilers

Hamworthy's pedigree in cast iron boiler development, refined over 40 years, stands behind the current range of Purewell VariHeat boilers. These pre-mix boilers combine cast iron dependability with 21st century efficiency. Their highly reliable cast iron heat exchangers are proven tolerant to existing heating circuits and are backed up by Hamworthy's 10-year cast iron warranty.

Purewell VariHeat are the natural replacement for less efficient atmospheric boilers in existing buildings as well offering long term peace of mind in new builds. All models comfortably exceed the minimum seasonal efficiency requirements for the Building Regulations (Part L Amendment 2010). The condensing models are the highest efficiency condensing cast iron boilers available in the UK.

Tough, compact, powerful and built to last, the Purewell VariHeat boiler range can suit condensing or non-condensing systems, with five condensing models available from 70 kW to 180 kW, and four non-condensing models available from 65 kW to 125 kW.

Purewell VariHeat boilers feature modern controls and use a LPB (Local Process Bus) communication system. Clip-in modules integrate the boilers and building control systems, with an extensive range of options which include boiler sequencing for up to 16 boilers in a multiple boiler installation.

A range of optional pipework kits are available for 2, 3 or 4 boiler arrangements.

- **Options**
- Boiler sequencing cascade controller
- Room sensors
- LPB bus communications modules
- Outside air sensor
- DHW cylinder sensor kit
- Pipework header kit
- Site assembly

- Energy saving high efficiency performance
- Models for 11°C ∆T and 20°C ∆T systems
- Robust cast iron heat exchanger
- Proven reliability with 10-year warranty

ш

ш

മ

- Tolerant of older heating systems
- **■** Fully assembled for faster installation
- Close control and accurate load matching

Purewell VariHeat is the highest efficiency cast iron condensing gas boiler available in the UK—the natural replacement for old atmospheric boilers.



Typical plant room with Purewell VariHeat high efficiency condensing boilers and a Dorchester DR-FC Evo condensing water heater.



Specification

Purewell VariHeat Natural Gas

Hamworthy have designed the Purewell VariHeat to retain all the benefits of traditional boilers, but with vastly improved performance to more than meet the performance requirements for modern day boilers.

Purewell VariHeat boilers can be used as single boilers, or as modules in a multiple boiler installation. Each boiler is equipped with a pre-mix down firing burner, cast iron primary heat exchanger and a control panel, all enclosed in a stylish factory fitted casing.

Up to 16 Purewell VariHeat boilers can be combined under Merley control for up to 2.88 MW output, with up to six boilers sharing a single flue header. Centres are the same as the Purewell and UR predecessors, simplifying replacement. The boilers are suitable for open vented or pressurised systems and have a maximum working pressure of 7 bar (6 bar for condensing models).

Construction

A down firing fully modulating gas burner is fitted on top of the primary cast iron heat exchanger and on the condensing models, a secondary heat exchanger is positioned in the base of the boiler to maximise heat recovery from the flue gases.

The boilers are delivered fully assembled, but for plant rooms with difficult access, it is a simple task to separate the individual sections for easier handling.

The boilers are finished externally using steel side panels and stylish moulded plastic front and top covers, which give excellent access for servicing and maintenance.

Performance

Purewell VariHeat condensing boilers achieve a full load efficiency up to 93.7% gross (104% net), whilst at part load the efficiency rises to 97.5% gross (108% net). This equates to seasonal efficiencies up to 96% gross.

The high efficiency non-condensing models achieve seasonal efficiencies up to 91% gross, exceeding the Building Regulations minimum seasonal efficiency requirements of 84% gross, for new buildings and existing buildings.

All boilers achieve European Class 5 performance for NOx emissions.

The condensing models are designed for compliance with the draft requirements of the European Union's ErP Energy-Related Products directive.

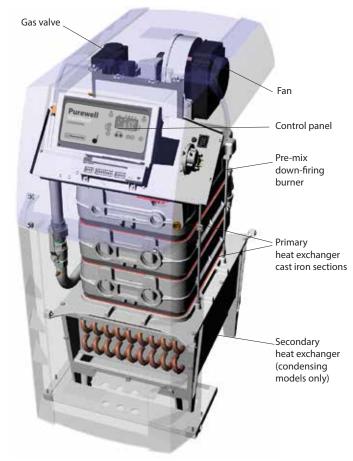
10-Year Guarantee

Hamworthy's confidence in the integrity and durability of the heat exchangers in both the condensing and non-condensing models is such that now both the primary cast iron heat exchangers and the secondary condensing heat exchangers carry our full 10-year warranty. For more information see "Warranty" on page 26.

Easy to Service

Purewell VariHeat boilers have all major serviceable parts located on the top of the boiler. Quick to remove covers provide easy access to the gas valve and fan, and the burner is rigidly secured with just four nuts making disassembly of the gas train and access to the burner for cleaning and servicing fast and efficient. All ignition components can be accessed easily without needing to remove the entire gas train. Cast sections of the primary heat exchanger can removed individually for inspection or repair. On condensing boilers, the secondary heat exchanger can be withdrawn from the front of the boiler for fast inspection without dismantling the primary heat exchanger castings.

Other useful features include entirely dry thermowell pockets for all temperature sensors obviating any need for boiler draining for sensor replacement, and a burner back pressure test point is provided to assess burner performance and cleanliness against the original commissioned readings before burner removal.



Purewell VariHeat condensing model PV180c—heat exchanger arrangement

Specification

Purewell VariHeat Natural Gas

Primary Heat Exchanger

Each boiler has a cast iron primary heat exchanger arranged with horizontal sections, connected at one end only to allow expansion and contraction, retaining a proven horizontal series water flow for even hydraulic distribution.

With waterways typically larger than lightweight wall-mounted boilers, Purewell VariHeat heat exchangers offer greater resilience to problems associated with older heating circuits.

The primary heat exchanger is fitted on top of the base assembly, which encloses the secondary heat exchanger on the condensing models.

The high efficiency non-condensing models are designed for a traditional 11° C ΔT temperature rise and have a minimum return temperature of 50°C.



Cast iron primary heat exchanger section



Copper/aluminium secondary heat exchanger (condensing models only)

Secondary Heat Exchanger

Condensing performance is achieved by returning the system water through a copper/aluminium composite construction secondary heat exchanger and extracting the latent heat from the flue gases in the base of the boiler. In keeping with most modern high efficiency boilers, the condensing heat exchanger is designed for $20^{\circ}\text{C}\Delta\text{T}$ temperature rise, with no minimum flow temperature, maximising the opportunity for condensing performance.

Operating Pressure

Maximum operating pressure for the non-condensing models is 7 bar, and is 6 bar for the condensing models.

Rurner

The Purewell VariHeat features a fully modulating pre-mix burner control system. An electronic thermostat monitors the boiler operating conditions and automatically adjusts the output to suit these conditions.

The gas/air ratio control system ensures that clean and efficient combustion is maintained throughout the maximum modulation range, down to a minimum of 20% capacity.

The plaque burner is positioned centrally above the primary heat exchanger and is constructed using a FeCrAl Aconit woven mesh. This design of burner allows for good flame stability at low turndown rates. The woven fibre construction of the burner also results in lower flame temperatures being achieved and lowering NOx emissions.

Reduced Boiler Weight

Purewell VariHeat boilers have been reduced in weight significantly, in comparison to traditional atmospheric cast iron boilers, with weights as low as 1.3 Kg/kW output. The new casting designs are extremely efficient therefore fewer sections are required to produce the given boiler outputs.

Flue System

The Purewell VariHeat is a high efficiency boiler, and like all other high efficiency appliances, requires a water tight flue system that will retain condensate whilst working under positive pressure.

The boiler is fitted with a primary flue connection directly into the base assembly. The connector is fitted as standard with a tri-lip full ring silicone seal which is impervious to water and vapour, ensuring a water tight flue joint. It is suitable for stainless steel flue components in single or twin wall formats.

A fixed draught diverter is not required in the flue system, however, a draught stabiliser is recommended for some installations.

Refer to pages 22 to 25 for more information about flues.

Flue Terminal Location

Purewell VariHeat condensing boilers will produce condensate due to their high thermal efficiency. The effect of this condensate production is to produce pluming from the flue terminal, and careful consideration must be given to the location of the flue terminal. Should pluming be a concern, then the flue system should be designed to discharge at high level so as not to cause a visual intrusion to the building occupants.



Specification

Purewell VariHeat Natural Gas

Boiler Thermostats

Purewell VariHeat boilers are fitted with a manual reset limit thermostat, which has a range of 90-110°C on all models. This will be factory set to 100°C.

Condensing boilers have an electronic control temperature range 30-90°C, whereas the high efficiency non-condensing models have a range from 50-90°C.

The electronic temperature control thermostat regulates the boiler flow temperature up to a maximum setting of 90°C.

To accommodate multiple boiler installations, the limit thermostat is adjustable up to a maximum of 110°C, however where the boiler control thermostats are to be set higher than 83°C, adequate system pressure must be available either by gravity head or system pressurisation.

Refer to page 20 for system head calculations in Applications and System Data section.

The boiler also incorporates a return temperature sensor, which, in conjunction with the flow temperature sensor, governs the modulation set point of the boiler.

Pipework Kits

Designed to save time and simplify procurement, optional pipework kits are available from Hamworthy. The kits enable multiple boilers to be connected in configurations of 2, 3 and 4 boilers. The pipework kits are factory tested and supplied part-assembled for ease of installation.

Pipework kits include:

- Isolating ball valves for water flow, return and gas inlet connection on each boiler, flow isolation uses a three port vent valve to prevent fully sealing the boiler when isolated
- Flow and return headers
- Pre-assembled flow and return pipe sub assemblies between boilers and headers. Connections for gauges, sensors, safety relief valve, feed and vent pipes (gauges, instrumentation and safety relief valves not included)
- Blanking flanges for header ends
- Support legs



tallation. Purewell VariHeat pipework assemi

Non-Condensing Outputs @82/71°C Flow/Return Temperatures

Boiler Model	Min output		Heat ou	itput accord	ding to num	ber of mod	lules install	ed - kW			
Doner Model	kW	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8			
PV65he	21.5	65	130	195	260	325	390	455	520		
PV85he	30.1	85	170	255	340	425	510	595	680		
PV105he	33.6	105	210	315	420	525	630	735	840		
PV125he	39.8	125	250	375	500	625	750	875	1000		

Condensing Outputs @50/30°C Flow/Return Temperatures

Boiler Model	Min output	Heat output according to number of modules installed - kW							
- Bollet Wodel	kW	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
PV70c	23.3	70	140	210	280	350	420	490	560
PV95c	31.7	95	180	285	380	475	570	665	760
PV110c	36.7	110	220	330	440	550	660	770	880
PV140c	46.7	140	280	420	560	700	840	980	1120
PV180c	60.0	180	360	540	720	900	1080	1260	1440

Technical Data: he Models

Purewell VariHeat High Efficiency **Non-Condensing** Boilers Performance and General Data Information - Natural Gas

	Boiler Model		PV65he	PV85he	PV105he	PV125he	
	Building regulations - seasonal efficiency	(%) gross	86.97	87.34	88.10	87.00	
	Boiler output 82/71°C	kW Btu/hr x 1000	65.0 222	85.0 290	105.0 358	125.0 426	
Energy	Boiler input - (gross) - maximum	kW Btu/hr x 1000	80.1 273	107.5 367	128.0 437	154.3 526	
ū	Boiler input (net) - maximum	kW Btu/hr x 1000	72.1 246	96.8 330	115.3 393	138.9 474	
	Boiler output minimum 82/71°C	kW Btu/hr x 1000	21.5 73	30.1 103	33.6 115	39.8 136	
	Water content	litres	(5	9	9	
	System design flow rate @ 11°C Δ t rise	l/s	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.7	
L	Water side pressure loss @ 11°C Δ t rise	mbar	50	80	192	270	
Water	Minimum flow rate @ 15°C Δt rise	l/s	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.0	
_	Water side pressure loss @ 15°C Δ t	mbar	28	47	98	149	
	Minimum return temperature		60				
	Maximum water pressure	barg	g 7				
	Gas flow rate natural gas (G20)	m³/hr	7.63	10.24	12.49	14.79	
Gas	Nominal inlet pressure natural gas (G20)	mbar	20				
	Maximum gas inlet pressure natural gas (G20)	mbar	25				
	Approx. flue gas volume @ 15°C, 8.5–9.0% CO2 @ N.T.P	m³/hr	103.00	123.50	156.00	188.00	
Flue	Approx flue gas temperature @ 82/71°C	°C	158	190	146	175	
	Max. permitted flue resistance at boiler flue spigot @full load	mbar	0.9	1.5	1.9	2.5	
<u>io</u>	Water flow/return connections	inches		R	2"		
Connection	Gas inlet connection pipe thread size	inches		R	1"		
Š	Nominal flue diameter (I/D)	mm	n 100				
	Electrical supply		230 V 50 Hz 1 Ph				
trics	Power consumption - maximum boiler modulation	W	94	1.3	20	07	
Elec	Start current	Amp	0.54		0.	0.60	
	Run current	Amp	0.	41	0.	90	
	Approx shipping weight	kg	20	05	2	77	
	Noise emission @1 m - maximum boiler modulation	Max dB (A)	5	3	6	5	



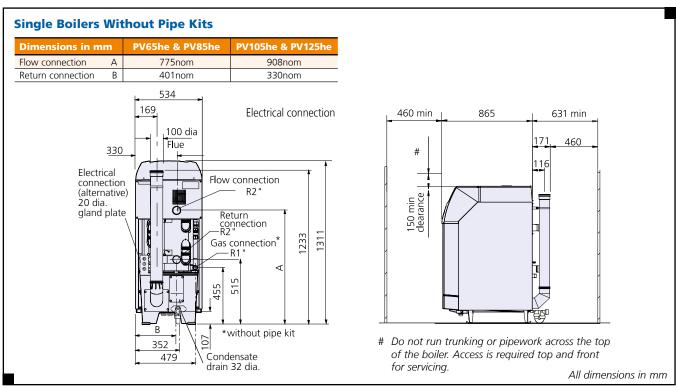
Technical Data: c Models

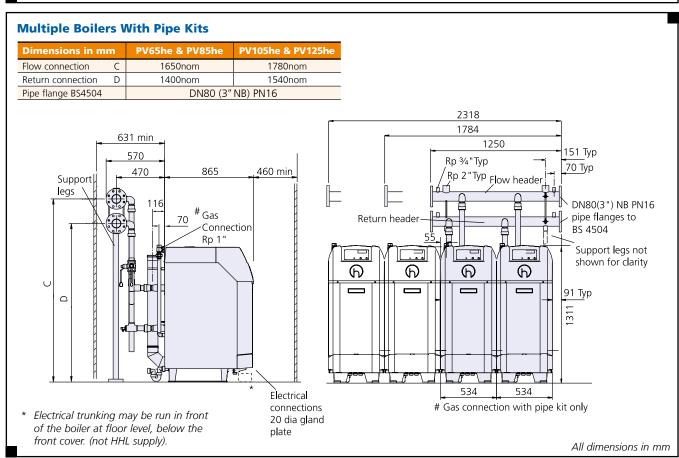
Purewell VariHeat **Condensing** Boilers Performance and General Data Information - Natural Gas

	Boiler Model		PV70c	PV95c	PV110c	PV140c	PV180c
	Building regulations - seasonal efficiency	(%) gross	95.35	95.62	95.89	95.74	94.63
	Boiler output 80/60°C Btu/	kW hr x 1000	63.5 217	86.3 294	99.8 341	134.4 448	172.8 590
	Boiler output 50/30°C Btu/	kW hr x 1000	70 239	95 324	110 375	140 478	180 614
Energy	Boiler input - (gross) Maximum Btu/	kW hr x 1000	72.2 246	98.4 336	115.0 392	151.3 516	194.6 664
ū	Boiler input (net) - Maximum Btu/	kW hr x 1000	65.0 222	88.6 302	103.5 353	136.3 465	175.2 598
	Boiler Output Minimum 80/60°C Btu/	kW hr x 1000	21.2 72	28.8 98	33.3 113	44.8 153	57.6 197
	Boiler Output Minimum 50/30°C Btu/	kW hr x 1000	20.3 69	27.6 94	31.9 109	40.6 138	52.2 178
	Water Content	litres		8		1	1
	System design flow rate @ 20°C Δ t rise	l/s	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.7	2.1
Water	Water side pressure loss @ 20°C Δ t rise`	mbar	32	52	72	134	221
Wa	System design flow rate @ 11°C Δ t rise	l/s	1.5	2.1	2.4	3.0	3.9
	Water side pressure loss @ 11°C Δ t rise	mbar	96	176	244	442	731
	Maximum water pressure	barg			6		
	Gas flow rate natural gas (G20) - maximum	m³/hr	6.88	9.37	10.96	14.42	18.54
Gas	Nominal inlet pressure natural gas (G20) - maximum	mbar	20				
	Maximum gas inlet pressure natural gas (G20)	mbar	25				
	Approx. flue gas volume @ 15°C, 9.3–9.8% CO2 @ N.T.P	m³/hr	86.13	117.37	137.16	180.53	232.12
Flue	Approx. flue gas temperature @ 50/30°C	°C	4	0	45	50	50
正	Approx. flue gas temperature @ 80/60°C	°C	6	0	65	70	75
	Max. permitted flue resistance at boiler flue spigot @full load	mbar			1.0		
tion	Water flow/return connections	inches	R2"				
Connection	Gas inlet connection pipe thread size	inches	R1"				
Ö	Nominal flue diameter (I/D) mm				150		
	Electrical supply			23	30 V 1 Ph 50 I	Hz	
Electrics	Power consumption - maximum boiler modulation	W	94.3			207	
Elec	Start current Amp		0.54			0.60	
	Run current	Amp	0.41			0.90	
	Approx shipping weight	kg	170 230			30	
	Noise emission @1 m - maximum boiler modulation Max dB (A)			53 65			5

Dimensional Details: he Models

Purewell VariHeat High Efficiency Non-Condensing Boilers

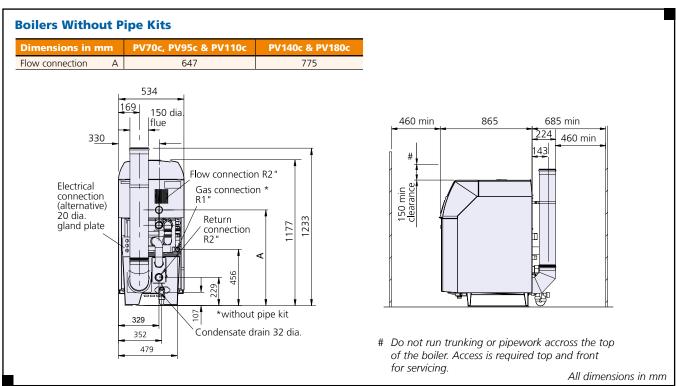


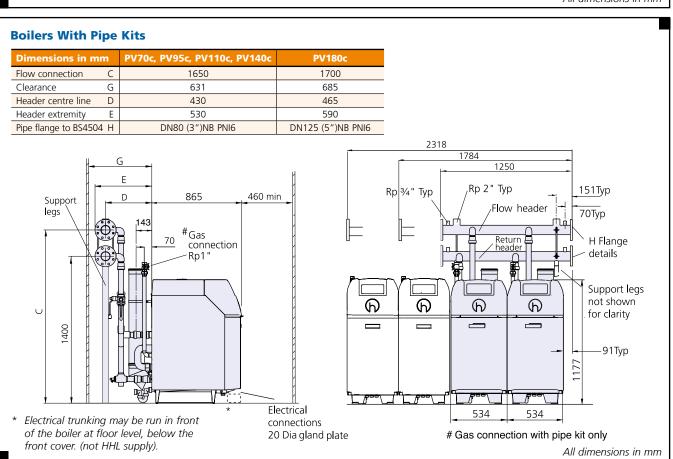




Dimensional Details: c Models

Purewell VariHeat Condensing Boilers





Controls Overview

Purewell VariHeat

Purewell VariHeat boilers can be installed in a wide variety of configurations, from single boiler stand alone units to multiple boilers controlled locally or by a building management system. The controls package is extremely versatile and can be tailored to meet the exact needs of the heating system.

Integrated Systems

The full benefits of installing high efficiency boilers can only be realised if the heating system is equipped with appropriate controls, that integrate the boiler and the other system components, to create a cohesive solution. For that reason, the Purewell VariHeat range of boilers incorporate a control system that is easy to integrate and communicates with the leading building management system protocols. The microprocessor based boiler control system (LMU) accommodates clip-in modules providing relay contacts for remote alarm and signalling, for external control and LPB bus communications, for use with the boiler Cascade controller for multiple boiler installations.



Clip-in modules on the LMU

The Purewell VariHeat boiler incorporates a number of inbuilt and optional controls features that enable the end user to achieve desired operational mode whilst maintaining the optimum efficiency of the system.

The controls are housed within a fabricated steel enclosure, and each module fascia features a visual display allowing the user to monitor the current operating status of the boiler. The panel also displays comprehensive fault code information in the unlikely event of a boiler lockout.

Volt Free Contacts

All Purewell VariHeat modules are fitted with a multi-function clip-in module to provide volt free contacts as standard. Remote alarm signalling is provided for a general fault alarm and boiler normal run indication.

0-10 Volt DC Analog Input

The standard multi-function clip-in module also provides a 0-10 volt DC analog signal interface to control the modulation level of the burner, or to set the flow temperature set point. The 0-10 volt signal can be used for remote connection of the boilers to a Building Management System, (BMS) to enable modulating control remotely.

LPB Bus Communications Module

The optional LPB bus communication clip-in kit is used to connect the boiler LMU control unit to the optional Cascade sequence control module. Each boiler in a modular installation requires a clip-in LPB bus communications module to communicate with the Cascade controller.

Outside Air Temperature Sensor

Purewell VariHeat boilers can be supplied with an optional outside temperature sensor to exploit the full functionality of the boiler controls and enable direct temperature compensation on the boiler, maximising the condensing operating conditions. The outside temperature sensor is to be used in conjunction with the optional Cascade control module.

When fitted with an outside temperature sensor, the boiler's own thermostat is overridden and the flow temperature is controlled as a function of external temperature conditions. The flow temperature is adjusted according to a preset heating curve built into the standard boiler controls. This slope can be adjusted to suit the needs of individual systems by for example using a steeper slope on underfloor heating systems.

Programmable Room Sensor

An optional combined room sensor and digital programmer can be connected to the boiler to provide both temperature control of ambient conditions and to programme up to three daily periods for heating or hot water.

Note: An outside sensor must be used when using the room sensor and programmer. Separate ambient temperatures can be set for each time period with an override facility, enabling the user to switch the system either on or off at their request. The programmer will display the current system operating parameters and also indicate any boiler fault conditions that might occur.

Frost Protection

The boiler control system features a two stage frost protection system. When the boiler is not operating, the frost protection system fires the boiler to maintain a minimum water temperature, to prevent freezing of the heating system water.

Additionally, if an external temperature sensor is connected, the circulation pump will be run intermittently when the outside temperature falls below 1.5°C.

Cascade Control Module

For use with multiple boilers, the optional Cascade controller can sequence up to 16 modules. The controller is supplied with two clip-in LPB bus communications modules as part of the standard Cascade kit, and for each additional boiler in the modular installation, further clip-in LPB bus communications modules must be ordered separately. (IE: A four module installation with a Cascade control kit requires two additional LPB modules).



Control Details

Purewell VariHeat Single Boiler Installations

On Purewell VariHeat boilers, the control options for single boilers are different to those for multiple boilers.

Please refer to page 12 for controls on multiple boilers.

All controls functions are managed via the 'boiler management unit' Siemens LMU64. Using a combination of options, the level of control is expandable for up to 2 heating circuits and 1 domestic hot water cylinder.

A circulation pump overrun timer is incorporated within the boiler LMU.

Programmable Room Sensor

A single boiler Purewell VariHeat system can be fitted with a single programmable room sensor, which should be located in the first heating zone. This room thermostat allows heating circuit management to be based on both the internal and external air temperature. The boiler will manage the heating circuit pump via a contactor according to the program requirements of the programmable room unit.

Features:

- Individual 7-day program with auto summer / winter hour change for heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2 and DHW
- 4 periods per day per time program
- Constant or variable temperature flow
- Compensated flow temperature based on external and room air temperatures
- Building frost protection based on room air temperature
- Summer shutdown based on outside air temperature
- Holiday period with frost protection
- Reduced temperature, night set back for non-occupancy hours
- Pump kick for pumps controlled from boiler
- Programme lock to prevent tampering with different access levels for OEM/Engineer/User
- Individual temperature settings for each zone

To achieve full functionality an outside air sensor must be fitted.

Options for a single boiler only

- Programmable room sensor (QAA73)
- Outside air sensor (QAC34)
- 2nd Heating Circuit Clip-in relay kit (AGU2.500)
- DHW Cylinder Sensor Kit (QAZ21)

Outside Air Sensor

An optional outside air temperature sensor may be wired directly to the boiler to exploit the direct weather compensation functionality of the boiler controls. This sensor may be connected to the control scheme and should ideally be positioned on an external wall with northerly aspect.

2nd Heating Circuit Clip-in Relay Kit

To control a second heating circuit, an additional clip-in relay kit is required for fitting directly to LMU. The kit comprises a relay and water temperature sensor complete with pocket.

This kit provides outputs for a pump and mixing valve:

- Mixing valve allows second heating circuit to operate at a different temperature set-point to heating circuit 1.
- Second heating circuit should operate at the same or lower temperature than circuit 1, e.g. underfloor heating.
- Programmed via QAA73 programmable room sensor
- Compensated flow based on outside air temp and using a curve separate to that of heating circuit 1 owing to mixing valve
- Frost protection based on water temperature in second heating circuit For the second heating circuit, the boiler will manage the circuit pump and/ or mixing valve via contactors, according to the program requirements of the programmable room sensor and the water temperature sensor.

Only one programmable room sensor may be connected, therefore the second heating circuit management is derived from time control and external air temperature measurement.

DHW Cylinder Sensor Kit

This kit is for a domestic hot water (DHW) circuit directly controlled from the boiler, but programmed via the QAA73 programmable room sensor, and features:

- Immersion sensor complete with pocket
- DHW cylinder sensor and pump output directly from boiler LMU
- Frost protection based on stored water temperature
- Reduced storage temperature for non-occupancy hours
- Anti-Legionella function

For the DHW cylinder circuit, the boiler will manage the primary coil pump according to the program requirements of the programmable room unit and the DHW cylinder sensor.

Control Details

Purewell VariHeat Multiple Boiler Installations

On Purewell VariHeat boilers, the control options for multiple boilers are different to those for single boilers.

Please refer to page 11 for controls on a single boiler.

Sequence Controller LPB Bus

For use with multiple boilers, the optional Merley sequence controller can control up to 16 modules. The boilers and sequence controller communicate via the LPB bus.

Merley is the latest generation boiler sequence controller for multiple boiler installations. Using the Siemens controls platform, Hamworthy boilers can be controlled to share the load between boiler modules to maximise efficiency and system performance.



Merley wall mounted sequence controller

As a standalone device with autonomous control of the boilers, the controller can be extended to sequence control the boilers and also to manage a complete heating circuit as well as a domestic hot water (DHW) cylinder.

A range of room and external air temperature sensors, including wireless options, ensures comfort levels within the building are maintained.

When integrated with a building management system (BMS), the Merley operates only as a boiler sequence controller, receiving the required operating temperature from the building management system via a 0 to 10 volt analog signal.

Each sequence control system is supplied with a smart digital interface display allowing the user to monitor the current operating status of the boilers, and also the building where the Merley is used to control a heating zone and hot water cylinder.

Full details of the Merley sequence controller are provided in publication, 500002524, available to download at www.hamworthy-heating.com, or to request a printed copy, Tel: 0845 450 2865.

Options for Multiple Module Boilers

- Boiler sequencing cascade controller
- LPB bus communications Clip-in module
- Choice of room sensors
- External air sensor
- Hard wired or wireless controls
- DHW Cylinder Sensor Kit

The Merley boiler sequence controller can be supplied within a dedicated housing for wall mounting or as a loose kit for integrating within a plant room control panel.

Wall Mounted Controller

Merley sequence controllers are available factory assembled within a robust steel enclosure suitable for wall mounting, with the digital interface display pre-mounted to the housing door.

The sequence controller is mounted to a DIN rail attached to the panel back plate assembly, with electrical trunking to simplify routing for site cables to the appropriate wiring terminations.

A cable gland plate is located on the underside of the control panel with 6 loose cable glands supplied for fitting on site.

Loose Kit Controller

For installations where the sequence controller will be integrated within an existing or new plant room control panel, the Merley sequence controller can be supplied in loose kit form.

A suitable space must be allocated within the plant room control panel for mounting the sequence controller to the back plate and for mounting the digital display to the control panel door.

Boiler Sequence Control Strategies

The Merley sequence controller can be configured to sequence boilers in traditional cascade mode or in unison mode.

Cascade Control

Steps a boiler module on at its lowest rate and then modulates it to its maximum rate, before switching on the next boiler module to match the system load. Maintains the lowest number of boiler modules in operation for a given heat load.

This control strategy is particularly suited to boilers operating in constant temperature systems where there is no great efficiency advantage to be gained from operating boilers at part load.

Unison Control

Steps each boiler module on in turn at its lowest rate, and then modulates all boiler modules simultaneously to higher rates to match the system load. This method of sequencing can offer higher operating efficiencies, taking advantage of the higher part load efficiencies available at low firing rates.

This control strategy is particularly suited to condensing boilers operating in variable temperature systems where low water temperatures and part load boiler operation allows optimum boiler operating efficiency to be achieved.



Boiler Efficiency and Load Matching

Purewell VariHeat Multiple Boiler Installations with Merley sequencer

Improved Efficiencies

Hamworthy's expertise in cast iron boiler development over the last forty years is reflected in the continual improvement in boiler efficiency, with consequent benefits to our customers: reduced fuel consumption, lower running costs, and a corresponding reduction in carbon emissions.

Compare today's condensing Purewell VariHeat models' excellent seasonal efficiency of around 95% with our early atmospheric boilers: Purewell On/Off models (~78%) or Purewell Classic High/Low models (~82%): a saving of up to 17%.

But that is only part of the story. Seasonal efficiency is calculated using part load and full load data, per individual boiler. The overall efficiency of a multiple boiler plant depends also on how close its total output can be controlled to match the load profile of the building.

Improved Load Matching

Consider a system designed for a peak demand of 280 kW using four 70 kW boilers as shown in the example diagram. With old UR On/Off boilers, the plant's maximum turndown ratio is 4:1 i.e. the plant can be turned down from 280 kW to 70 kW, but in this case, only in 70kW increments.

If there is an off-peak demand period, requiring ideally a constant 95 kW of power to maintain a heating circuit at a set temperature, then to meet that demand two boilers would need to run together. The plant would then produce 140 kW, i.e. 45 kW more than necessary. When the required temperature is attained, one boiler would turn off, the other would continue alone at 70 kW until the circuit temperature dropped to a point which triggered the second boiler to turn on again.

With Purewell Classic High/Low boilers the plant's turn-down ratio increases to 8:1. For a demand of 95 kW, one boiler could fire at full load (70 kW) and another at part load (35 kW) producing 105 kW.

This arrangement gets closer to the required 95 kW than with the UR boilers but still uses 10kW more power than necessary. With both On/Off and High/Low boiler examples, the plant's output power switches between levels above and below the ideal power required, reducing the overall plant efficiency and increasing wear and tear on the second boiler as it would need to cycle on and off.

Benefits: Purewell VariHeat+Merley

- Closer matching of plant output to load
- Greater plant turn-down ratios
- Higher overall efficiencies
- Greater fuel savings and reduced emissions
- Opportunity to reduce total number of boilers

Using today's fully modulating 70kW Purewell VariHeat boilers, the example plant's turndown ratio increases to around 13:1. Moreover, due to infinite fan speed burner control, the incremental adjustment of each boiler's output power between part and full load settings is far more precise. Under Merley sequencer programmable control, this allows for very accurate load matching and so greater overall plant efficiency.

The example 95 kW requirement could be achieved by firing two, three or four Purewell VariHeat boilers and modulating these together to achieve 95kW. Four boilers running at 23.75kW each would be the most fuel efficient as boilers run most efficiently at lowest loads. Alternatively, one boiler could be run at 70 kW (full load) and a second boiler could be run at 25 kW (near fully modulated).

Choosing the right control strategies for multiple boiler plant e.g. using unison or cascade operation, boiler firing order, etc., will depend on the application priorities and the planned maintenance regime. Please contact Hamworthy for guidance in making the right choices for your application.

Improved turn-down ratios and typically higher outputs of Purewell VariHeat models over their predecessors, as well as better insulated buildings, means that when refurbishing a plant room there is often the opportunity to reduce the total number of boilers used and so make savings in the overall cost of purchase and installation. With fewer units to maintain, reductions in annual maintenance can also be realised. In the example below, 3 x 95 kW Purewell VariHeat models are shown as an alternative to 4 x 75 kW models; together these satisfy the 280 kW peak load requirement in the example system, and

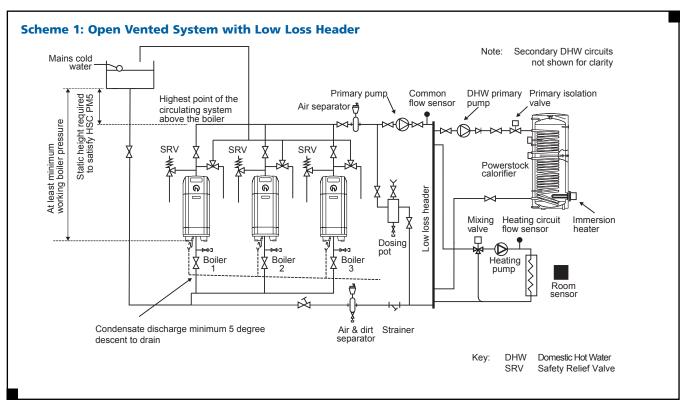
the 95 kW off-peak load could be met by a single boiler module. **Existing Multiple** 4 x 70 kW On/Off atmospheric boilers (UR) **Boiler Plant** Max. plant output 280 kW High Fire 70 kW 70 kW 70 kW **UR** boilers Min. plant output 70 kW Seasonal efficiency ~78% Off Off Turndown ratio 4:1 4 x 70 kW High/Low atmospheric boilers (Purewell Classic) Purewell and Max. plant output 280 kW Purewell Classic High Fire 70 kW 70 kW 70 kW 70 kW Min. plant output 35 kW or Low Fire Seasonal efficiency boilers 35kW 35kW 35kW 35kW Turndown ratio **Purewell VariHeat** 4 x 70 kW Fully modulating condensing boilers (Purewell VariHeat) Refurbishment Max. plant output 280 kW High Fire 70 kW 70 kW 70 kW 70 kW 21 kW One-for-one Min. plant output Seasonal efficiency ~95% swap out Low Fire 21 kW 21 kW 21 kW 13:1 Turndown ratio 3 x 95 kW fully modulating condensing boilers (Purewell VariHeat) or Max. plant output 285 kW High Fire Reduce no. Min. plant output 28 kW to Low Fire Seasonal efficiency ~95% of boilers

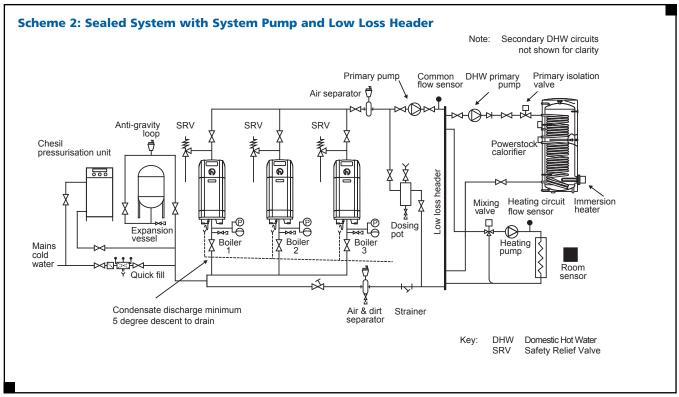
28 kW

10:1

Turndown ratio

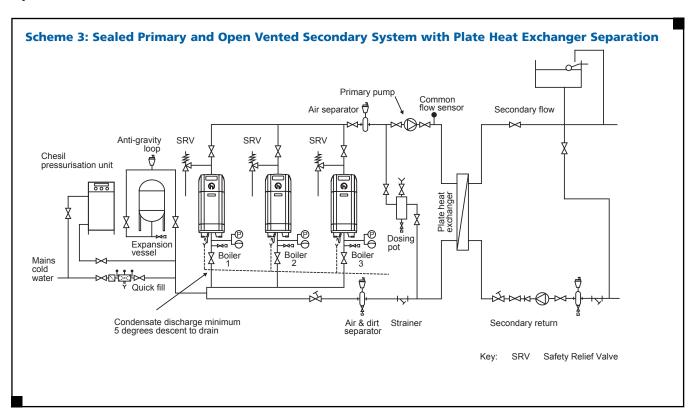
Hydraulic Schemes 1 & 2

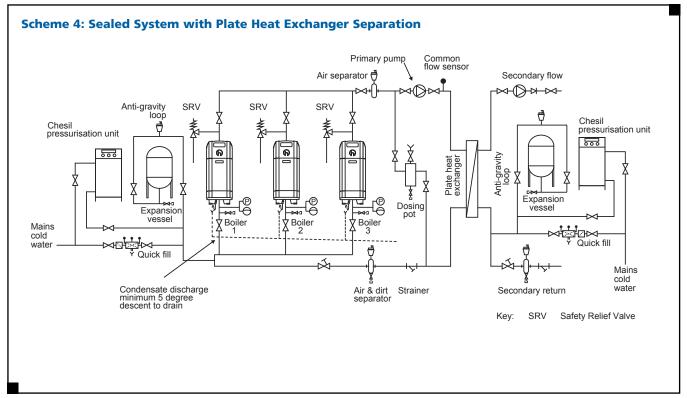




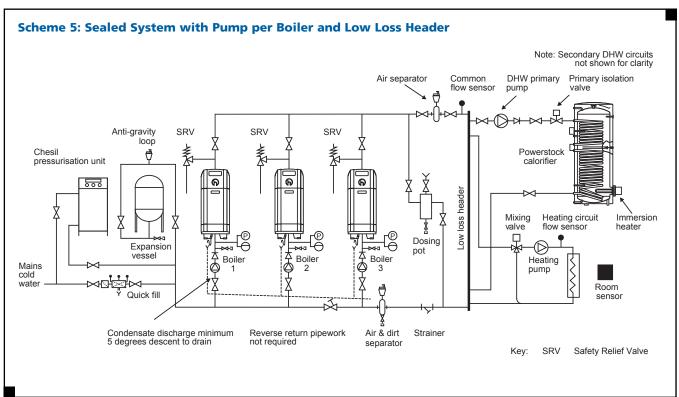


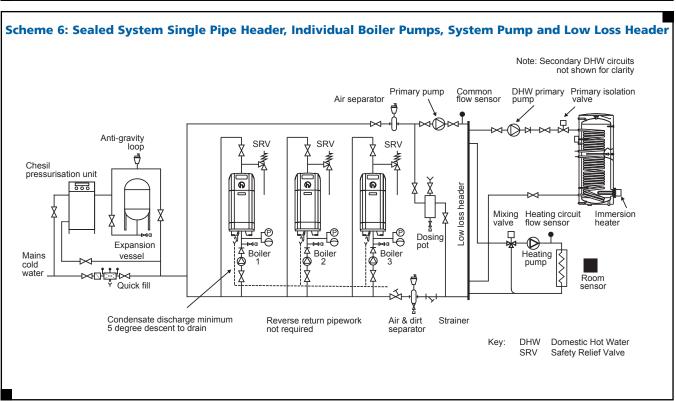
Hydraulic Schemes 3 & 4





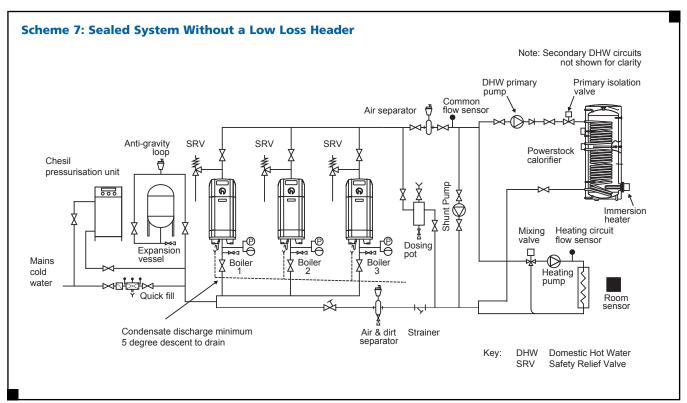
Hydraulic Schemes 5 & 6

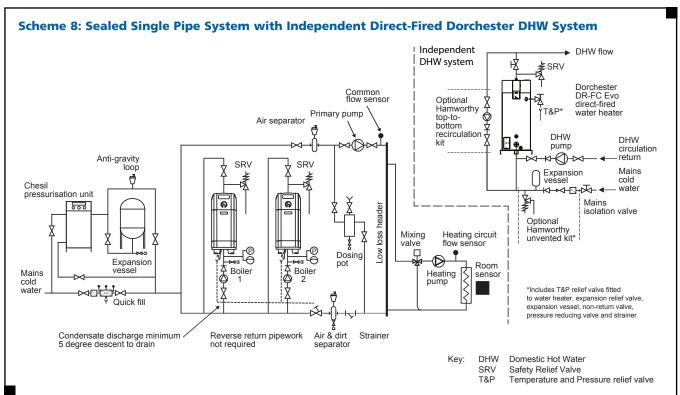






Hydraulic Schemes 7 & 8





Application & System Data

Purewell VariHeat Boilers

The installation of the boiler MUST be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Gas Safety Regulations, Building Regulations, IET Regulations and the bylaws of the local water undertaking. It should also be in accordance with any relevant requirements of the local gas region and local authority and the relevant recommendations of the documents below.

The following British Standard Codes of Practice and Regulations have relevant recommendations regarding the installation of Purewell VariHeat boilers.

British Standards

BS 5440 Part 1 Installation and maintenance of flues for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net.

BS 5440 Part 2 Installation and maintenance of ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net.

BS EN ISO 4126-1 Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure. Safety valves.

BS 6798 Installation of gas appliances rated input not exceeding 70 kW net.

BS 6644 Installation of Gas Fired Hot Water Boilers, 70 kW to 1.8 MW net input.

BS 6700 Design, installation, testing and maintenance of services supplying water for domestic use.

BS EN 806-2 Specification for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption – Part 2: Design.

BS 6880 Part 1,2 & 3 Code of practice for low temperature hot water heating systems of output greater than 45 kW

BS 6891 Installation of low pressure gas pipework up to 35 mm (R1¼) in domestic premises

BS 7074 Part 1 Application, selection and installation of expansion vessels and ancillary equipment for sealed water systems.

Part 2 Code of practice for low and medium temperature hot water systems.

BS 7671 Requirements for electrical installations. IET Wiring Regulations. Seventeenth edition.

I. Gas E. Publications

IGE/UP/1 Soundness testing and purging of industrial and commercial gas installations.

IGE/UP/1A Soundness testing and direct purging of small low pressure industrial and commercial natural gas installations.

IGE/UP/2 Gas installation pipework, boosters and compressors in industrial and commercial premises.

IGE/UP/10 Installation of gas appliances in industrial and commercial premises, Part 1 Flued appliances.

Health and Safety Executive:

Guidance note PM5 - Automatically controlled steam and hot water boilers.

CIBSE Publications

CIBSE Guide B Heating, ventilating, air conditioning and refrigeration.

CIBSE Guide H Building Control Systems

CIBSE Guide Energy Efficiency in Buildings

CIBSE Commissioning Code B: 2002

UK Legislation, UK Public General Acts

Clean Air Act 1993

Location

The location chosen for the boiler must permit the provision of a satisfactory flue system and an adequate air supply. The location must also provide adequate space for servicing and air circulation around each unit. This includes any electrical trunking laid along the floor and to the appliance.

Any combustible material adjacent to the boiler and the flue system must be so placed or shielded to ensure that its temperature does not exceed 65°C. Further details regarding boiler location are given in BS 6644 & BS 5440 part 2.

Purewell VariHeat boilers should be positioned on a level non-combustible surface that is capable of supporting the boiler weight when filled with water, plus any ancillary equipment. Adequate space should be allowed for installation and servicing. *Refer to dimensional drawings on pages* 8 & 9 for more details.

Adequate Water Flow

The Purewell VariHeat boiler is designed as a quick response, low water content unit to run continuously with minimal operating problems. Care should be taken in the initial design and layout, having due regard for adequate water flow through the boilers, and the influence of the control system. Hamworthy strongly recommend that Purewell VariHeat boilers are installed using the primary circuit design to ensure adequate water flow regardless of secondary circuit operating conditions. Refer to technical data tables for minimum water flow requirements.

The control system and valves, where fitted, should be regulated to avoid lower flows occurring. Condensing models are designed to operate with systems operating at 20°C differential temperatures and with no minimum design return temperature, although the return temperaure will be limited by frost protection settings. Increased flow rates may be used for lower temperature differentials with due regard for the increased pressure loss through the boiler.

Non-condensing models are designed for more traditional systems operating at 11°C differential temperatures and return temperature no lower than 50°C. Differential temperatures to a maximum of 15°C are acceptable.



Application & System Data

Purewell VariHeat Boilers

Water Systems

Purewell VariHeat boilers are suitable for both open vented or sealed pressurised systems. Sealed systems must comply with Health and Safety Document PM5 requirements for fuel supply cut off in the event of low and high pressure conditions. To ensure compliance, consider using a proprietary pressurisation unit with correctly sized expansion vessels.

In multiple boiler installations, the flow and return headers should be connected in a "reverse return" arrangement, i.e. the water flow in each header follows the same direction, thus providing equal flow through each boiler. This also ensures that the pressure loss across any number of boilers will never be greater than the head loss across one boilers plus local pipework losses.

System Feed Water Quality

If the boiler feed water has a high degree of hardness, it is recommended that the water be treated to prevent precipitation of scale or sludge in the boiler water passageways. Details of additives can be obtained from any reliable manufacturer of water treatment products or the local water authority.

Open Vent Pipe and Cold Feed Pipe Data

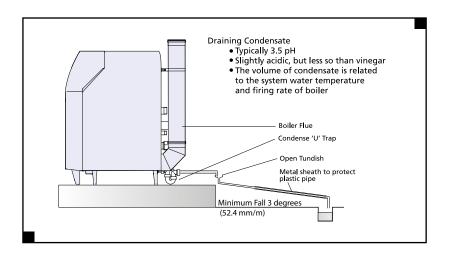
Boiler	Open Vent Size	Cold Feed Size
<60kW	25 mm (1 in)	19 mm (³ /4 in)
60kW - 150kW	32 mm (1 ¹ / ₄ in)	25 mm (1 in)
150kW - 300kW	38 mm (1 ¹ / ₂ in)	32 mm (1 ¹ / ₄ in)
300kW - 600kW	50 mm (2 in)	38 mm (1 ¹ / ₂ in)
601kW - 800kW	65 mm (2 ¹ / ₂ in)	50 mm (2 in)
801kW - 1200kW	80 mm (3 in)	50 mm (2 in)

Condensate Discharge

The condensate drains safely into the base assembly and a 32 mm diameter drain connection is provided, to run in standard plastic waste piping. This condensate drain must be connected to a suitable drainage system, typically as shown below. The material should be a suitable PVC plastic system with sealed joints to prevent the escape of condensate.

Drain traps and an open tundish should be incorporated into the design, and the pipework given appropriate protection from physical damage.

The pipework should be installed with at least a 3 degrees fall (approximately 50 mm per metre).



Pressure Relief Valve

Each boiler, or in the case of a modular installation, each bank of boilers, must be fitted with a pressure relief valve to BS EN ISO 4126-1, and sized as shown in BS 6644.

Hamworthy can supply Purewell VariHeat pipe kits which have isolation valves for each boiler, to enable individual boilers to be shut down from the system. The pipe kit includes a three-port valve on the flow connection for each boiler, enabling a single safety valve to be fitted to the connection on the header pipework. Safety valves are not included.

Where these pipe kits are not used, each boiler must be fitted with a safety valve in the flow pipework, positioned before any other valve in the system. BS 6644 provides comprehensive information for the selection and location of safety valves and attention is drawn to the higher capacity requirements of safety valves for pressurised hot water systems.

Boiler and System Pumps

Purewell VariHeat boilers should be installed within a primary circuit having a dedicated primary pump and low loss header to ensure adequate boiler flow regardless of flow conditions within the secondary circuits.

With modern, high efficiency, low water content boilers such as the Purewell VariHeat the hydraulic resistance is likely to be higher than traditional atmospheric boilers that might be being replaced and so increasing the pumping effort required.

To assist with reducing energy costs associated with running the boiler circulating pumps, it is possible to configure a dedicated pump to each boiler module in a multiple boiler arrangement, and to control each pump directly by its associated boiler's controller. Then the electrical energy required for the pumps to circulate water through the boilers will be a function of the number of pumps that are switched on, which in turn is determined by the number of boilers the system controller signals to run at any given time.

Due to seasonal variations in load it is unlikely that all boilers will be required to fire together except in exceptionally cold winters, and so such a pump scheme will result in lower pumping requirements and associated energy costs for the majority of the season.

Pump energy usage is a factor to consider when deciding on unison or cascade boiler control when using the Merley sequence controller.

Application & System Data

System Head

Guidance Note PM5 Health and Safety Executive

This note states that "hot water boilers should have an automatic control apparatus to cut off fuel to the burners of gas fired plant when the water at or near the boiler flow outlet rises to a pre-determined temperature. This should provide a margin of at least 17°C below the temperature of saturated steam corresponding to the pressure at the highest point of the circulation system above the boiler." To comply with this recommendation, the minimum system pressure is dependant on system design flow temperatures and in the case of modular installations, the temperature rise across each module.

Single Installations

The minimum pressure must be equal to the gauge pressure equivalent to the saturated steam temperature obtained by adding 17°C to the required boiler flow temperature. The highest point of the circulation system above the boiler should never be less than 2 m (6.5 ft)

DC 1033 (11d11 2111 (0.31t)	
Required flow temperature	90°C
Safety margin	17°C
Equivalent saturated steam	
temperature	107°C

From steam tables the corresponding gauge pressure is **0.3 bar** (**3.0 m head of water**).

Modular Installations

The minimum pressure should be equal to the gauge pressure equivalent to the saturated steam temperature. This is obtained by adding 17°C to the sum of the required mixed flow temperature plus the temperature rise across the modules.

System ∆T	11°C	20°C
Required mixed flow temperature	82°C	80°C
Temperature rise across modules at minimum flow rate	11°C	20°C
Safety margin	17°C	17°C
Equivalent saturated steam temperature	110°C	117°C

From steam tables the corresponding gauge pressure at 11°C ΔT is **0.43 bar (4.4m head of water)**.

From steam tables the corresponding gauge pressure at 20° C ΔT is **0.80 bar (8.2 m head of water)**

Air Supply and Ventilation

An adequate supply of fresh air for combustion and ventilation must be provided in accordance with BS 6644.

The air supply should be achieved using:

- Natural ventilation supplying air with a low level opening and discharge through a smaller sized high level opening.
- A fan to supply air to low level with natural discharge through a high level opening.
- A fan to supply air to low level and discharged by means of a fan at a high level.

Note: Fans must be selected such that a negative pressure is not created in the boiler house relative to outside air pressure.

The air supplied for boiler house ventilation should be such that the maximum temperatures within the boiler house are as follows:

- At floor level: 25°C (or 100 mm above the floor level)
- At mid level: 32°C (1.5 m above floor level)
- At ceiling level: 40°C (or 100 mm below ceiling level)

The air supply should be free from contamination such as building dust. To avoid unnecessary cleaning and servicing, we recommend that the boilers are not fired whilst building work is being undertaken.

Where natural ventilation is used suitable permanent openings at low level and high level connected directly to the outside air should be provided. These openings must be fitted with grilles that cannot be blocked or flooded.

The free area of the grilles should be as follows:

- At low level (Inlet)
 4 cm² per kW of net heat input.
- At high level (Outlet)
 2 cm² per kW of net heat input.

Where a boiler installation is to operate throughout the summer months, then additional ventilation allowances are required. Refer to BS 6644 for more detailed information.

The Building Regulations 2010

Conservation of fuel and power 2010 edition: Approved Document AD L2A New Buildings, other than dwellings. Approved Document AD L2B Existing Buildings, other than dwellings

These new regulations came into force 1st October 2010. Compliance with the latest regulations now requires a whole building approach to reduction in carbon emissions. The 2010 edition requires the use of heat generating plant as detailed in the supporting 2nd tier guide - Non Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide.

Minimum Gross Boiler Seasonal Efficiencies

For natural gas single boiler installations, gross boiler seasonal efficiency* must be no less than 86% for new builds (82% for existing builds). For multiple boiler installations, the combined boilers' gross seasonal efficiency must not be less than 86% for new builds (82% for existing builds), with no individual boiler at less than 82% for new builds or existing builds; however for existing builds only, the installation's effective boiler seasonal efficiency** must be no less than 84%.

All Purewell VariHeat boilers exceed these minimum efficiency requirements; individual boiler figures can be found on pages 6 & 7.

- *Gross boiler seasonal efficiency is calculated using a combination of part load and full load gross operating efficiencies.
- **Effective boiler seasonal efficiency = gross boiler seasonal efficiency plus any applicable heating efficiency percentage credits (up to max. 4%).



Wiring Diagram

Purewell VariHeat Boilers

Electrical Connections

The following electrical connections are provided on each module:

- Supply live neutral and earth
- Supply input for boiler fault and normal run signals
- Boiler fault alarm system signal output
- Boiler normal run signal output
- 0-10v analogue control signal input
- Remote on/off control input
- Boiler shunt pump output
- Safety interlock circuit input

There is a gland plate fitted to the front of the boiler, at floor level, to accept cables for power supply and controls. A single terminal rail is fitted inside the front cover, and all external connections are made to this terminal rail. The plug-in terminal rail facilitates easy removal for improving access during servicing and maintenance.

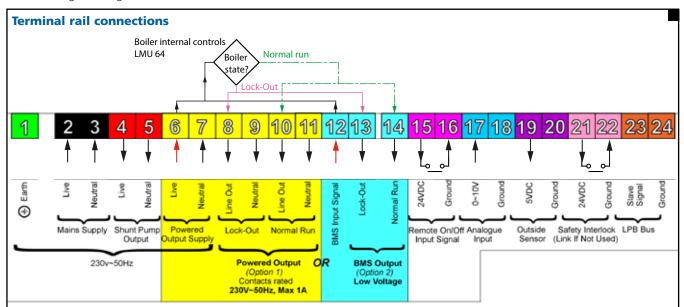
Power Supply

An independent isolator and fused 230 volt, 50 Hz, single phase electrical supply is recommended for each boiler as its permanent supply. For normal operation (not maintenance), boiler enable/disable should be carried out via the remote On/ Off function which requires a volt-free contact (not HHL supply) to make a connection between terminals 15 and 16. Making the connection switches on the internal 24V DC control circuit which enables the boiler. Breaking the connection switches off the control circuit and disables the boiler.

Wiring external to the boiler must be installed in accordance with IET Regulations and any local regulations which apply Wiring must be completed in heat resistant 3-core cable, (size $1.0\,\mathrm{mm^2}$ c.s.a.). Fascia fuse rating is 2 amp.

External fuses should be 6 amp for all single boiler sizes.

To prevent drawings excessive current (>1 amp) through the boiler control panel, it is recommended that pumps are connected via contactors.



The Purewell VariHeat provides options for powering the Lock-Out/Normal Run indication function by a choice of either 230 VAC mains or by a low voltage (typically 12V or 24V DC) supplied from a BMS. A choice of two sets of terminals, Option1 (yellow terminals 6 to 11) for 230 VAC mains signalling and Option 2 (pale blue terminals 12 to 14) for Low Voltage signalling have been provided for the Lock-Out/Normal run indication function. Note that only one option may be selected.

Caution:

For safe operation, ensure to connect to only one of these sets of terminals, and not to both. This will prevent any risk of mains voltages being unintentionally supplied via the "Low Voltage" outputs to any BMS equipment connected to them.

Notes

- 1. Shunt pump output terminals 4 and 5 should be connected via contactors to the separately supplied pumps.
- 2. Any voltage applied on linked terminals 6 or 12 will return, via the LMU 64, the same voltage as output on terminals 8 and 13 with the boiler in lockout state, or will produce the same voltage as the output on terminals 10 and 14 with the boiler in normal run state.
- 3. For remote On/Off control, a volt free contact is required across terminals 15 and 16, and must be closed to enable the boiler.
- 4. Terminal 17 is for an analog 0-10 V input signal from the BMS to remotely control the boiler modulation.
- 5. Terminal 19 is a 5 V DC output for an outside sensor.
- 6. Terminals 21 and 22 are for safety interlock circuit. An open circuit across terminals 21 and 22 will disable the boiler.
- 7. A link must be fitted between terminals 21 and 22 if safety interlock circuit is not used.

Purewell VariHeat Boilers

Purewell VariHeat boilers have a pressurised flue outlet, enabling a flue installation to be designed using smaller diameter components.

The following points should be noted:

- A suction condition within the flue is not required, so it may be possible to achieve a lower chimney terminal height, however all installations must still comply with the requirements of the Clean Air Act 1993 Chimney Memorandum, BS 6644, BS 5440 and IGE/UP/10.
- Draught conditions: the flue must be designed to limit the maximum suction at the flue connection to the boiler to be no greater than 0.3 mbar negative (boilers cold), and with all boilers firing no greater than 1.0 mbar negative.
- Where draught conditions at the boiler flue outlet are likely to become negative it is recommended that a draught stabiliser is fitted.
- All models have a fan assisted burner to overcome boiler resistance. The flue must be designed taking into account that there may be a positive pressure generated by the boiler combustion fan. The maximum permitted positive pressures (flue resistance) at the flue connection to the boiler are given in the tables to the right.
- The flue system must be capable of handling saturated flue gases in a positive pressure system, particularly for the condensing models, however, there will also be condensate generated from the non-condensing models during certain operating conditions.
- The boilers may be flued individually. Details of flue sizes and length of flue runs are shown on page 23.
- Multiple boilers may be installed using a common flue header. The maximum number of boilers firing into a common chimney is 9. Please consult with our flue technical team for further advice.
- The flue components should be fully welded and CE marked for positive pressure application.
- The flue system must be self supporting and facilitate access for cleaning and maintenance near the boiler connection.

- When designing the flue system, care must be taken to ensure that any condensate that may form within the system can be drained safely to a suitable waste point, and that the flue and drain materials are resistant to the corrosive effect of condensate.
- Purewell VariHeat boilers are suitable for installation in a balanced compartment in accordance with the requirements of BS 6644.
- Due to low flue gas temperatures (60°C to 190°C in non-condensing models, 50°C to 70°C in condensing models), condensation will occur in the flue, therefore flue materials must be non-corrosive and use fully sealing joints.
- Twin-walled flue construction is recommended, with adequate facilities provided for draining the flue condensate

Purewell VariHeat Non-condensing (he) Boilers:						
Model Units		Max. Positive Flue Back Pressure at Boiler Spigot	Max. Negative Flue Pressure (Suction) at Boiler Spigot			
PV65he	mbar	+0.9	-0.3 (cold), -1.0 (hot)			
PV85he	mbar	+1.5	-0.3 (cold), -1.0 (hot)			
PV105he	mbar	+1.9	-0.3 (cold), -1.0 (hot)			
PV125he	mbar	+2.5	-0.3 (cold), -1.0 (hot)			

Purewell VariHeat Condensing (c) Boilers:							
Model	Units	Max. Positive Flue Back Pressure at Boiler Spigot	Max. Negative Flue Pressure (Suction) at Boiler Spigot				
All models	mbar	+1.0	-0.3 (cold), -1.0 (hot)				

Flues from Hamworthy

Hamworthy can provide modular, twin-walled, insulated, fully welded flue solutions, optimised for high efficiency and condensing Purewell VariHeat boiler applications, via our flue partners Midtherm. These feature:

- Leak proof, high temperature seals, impervious to water and vapour.
- Premium grade stainless steel construction for inner and outer walls.
- 87 degree elbows and tees to ensure condensate drains effectively.
- Fast, push-fit/clamped assemblies with no need for additional sealants.
- Fire resistant 4 hour fire rated.
- Stress-free thermal expansion.
- CE mark accredited to meet 2005 legislation.

Design & Install or Supply Only

Hamworthy works in partnership with Midtherm Engineering to provide a comprehensive flue design and installation package for all of the Purewell VariHeat boilers.

Alternatively, flue components can be provided on a supply only basis for the contractor to install.

Please contact your Hamworthy Area Sales Manager about your bespoke flue requirements, and get peace of mind on your next project.

Tel: 0845 450 2865

Email: sales@hamworthy-heating.com



Purewell VariHeat Boilers

Flue System for Individually Flued Single Boilers Only

The table below provides a guide to the maximum flue length allowed for each boiler using 100 mm diameter components on non-condensing boilers.

Purewell VariHeat High Efficiency Non-Condensing Boilers							
	Flue	Maximum	Equivalent Length (m)				
Boiler Model	Diameter (mm)	Flue Length (m)	90° Elbow	45° Elbow			
PV65he	100	19	1.5	1.3			
PV85he	100	12	1.5	1.3			
PV105he	100	8	1.5	1.3			
PV125he	100	5	1.5	1.3			

The table below provides a guide to the maximum flue length allowed for each boiler using 150 mm diameter components, connected to the boiler primary flue which is 100 mm diameter, on non-condensing boilers

Purewell VariHeat High Efficiency Non-Condensing Boilers							
	Flue	Maximum	Equivalent Length (m)				
Boiler Model	Diameter (mm)	Flue Length (m)	90° Elbow	45° Elbow			
PV65he	150	149	2.2	2.0			
PV85he	150	88	2.2	2.0			
PV105he	150	69	2.3	2.0			
PV125he	150	47	2.3	2.0			

The table below provides a guide to the maximum flue length allowed for each boiler using 150 mm diameter components on condensing boilers.

Purewell VariHeat High Efficiency Condensing Boilers							
	Flue	Maximum	Equivalent Length (m)				
Boiler Model	Diameter (mm)	Flue Length (m)	90° Elbow	45° Elbow			
PV70c	150	131	2.1	1.6			
PV95c	150	114	2.2	1.7			
PV110c	150	114	2.2	1.7			
PV140c	150	79	2.3	1.8			
PV180c	150	57	2.3	1.8			

Open Flue

Purewell VariHeat boilers are designed for type B23 open flue systems.

Type B - An appliance intended to be connected to a flue that evacuates the products of combustion to the outside of the room containing the appliance. The combustion air is drawn directly from the room.

Type B2 - A type B appliance without a draught diverter

Type B23 A type B2 appliance incorporating a fan upstream of the combustion chamber/heat exchanger.

For details of the full range of classifications refer to BSI publication PD CEN/TR 1749:2005.

Equivalent Length Components

The maximum flue length is the sum of all the vertical and horizontal sections plus the equivalent lengths of all the 90 degree and 45 degree elbows.

The tables opposite provide details of the flue system maximum lengths, and the equivalent lengths for the elbows.

Flue System for Multiple Boilers

Multiple boilers may be installed using a common flue header. For more information see pages 24 and 25.

NOTES

^{1.} As the flue coupled to these boilers will be pressurised and the flue gases wet, leading to running condensation within the flue, it is important that the flue components used are fully sealed and resistant to the aggression of condensate.

^{2. 45°} and 90° bends are based on slow radius components. Alternative bends and components will have differing performance characteristics leading to a final performance that does not match the details in the charts.

^{3.} If the flue system intended is not covered by the details in the charts then contact Hamworthy Heating for advice. Using different sizes and diameters will effect the equivalent length of flue that may be used.

Multiple Purewell VariHeat Boilers

Multiple Boilers—Same Appliance Type

Up to 6 Purewell VariHeat boilers may be installed using a common flue header, with a maximum of 9 boilers connecting to the same riser or chimney via two or more flue headers. The use of swept connections from appliances into a common flue is recommended to assist the flow of gases into the common flue in the intended direction of flow. The combustion circuit within Purewell VariHeat boilers is equipped with a back flow prevention device to prevent flue gases spilling through non-firing appliances.

Flue Liners

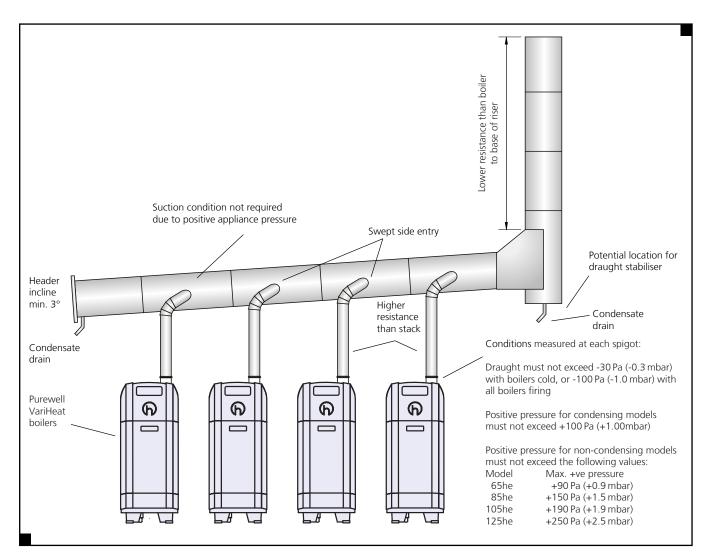
When replacing atmospheric boilers and appliances it may be possible to install a continuous stainless steel flue liner within the existing flue riser as atmospheric appliances typically have larger diameter flue systems than modern fan-assisted pre-mix appliances. At the base of any such flue riser the flue header is likely to require replacement using fully sealed and pressure tight components that have been sized for the installed appliances.

Flue System Condensate Discharge

In addition to the boiler condensate discharge it is important that the flue header and riser used with multiple appliance systems is drained independently to avoid flue condensate draining back through the boiler or other appliance.

Draught Generated by Flue Risers

- 4Pa (0.04mbar) per metre height @140°C
- 2 Pa (0.02 mbar) per metre height @80°C
- 0 Pa (0.00 mbar) per metre height @40°C



Multiple Purewell VariHeat boilers sharing a common flue header and B23 type flue



Multiple Mixed Appliances

Multiple Appliances—Different Appliance Types

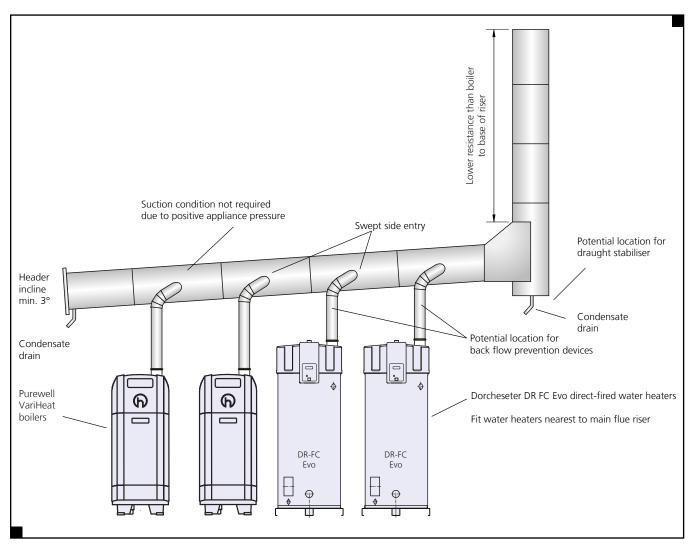
Purewell VariHeat boilers may be installed with other similar pre-mix pressurised flue outlet appliances such as direct fired water heaters, in a common flue header arrangement with natural draft flue systems. Where Purewell VariHeat boilers are installed in a combined flue system along with direct-fired water heaters (high efficiency or condensing, pre-mix pressurised flue outlet type), then it is recommended to locate the water heaters closest to the flue riser for improved summer operation when the boilers may be switched off.

Where additional appliances such as water heaters are not equipped with a back flow prevention device, it is imperative that flue systems for multiple and mixed appliances are designed to prevent the possibility of flue gases spilling through to non-firing appliances.

Draught Stabilisers

Flues systems on both multiple boiler and mixed appliance type systems should be designed to prevent negative flue draught conditions from occurring at the boiler/appliance flue outlets or within the flue header for multiple appliances.

Where this is not possible and negative flue draught conditions are likely to occur then draught stabilisers should be fitted. In the case of a multiple boiler flue system this should be fitted at the base of the main flue riser to help prevent negative flue conditions within the flue header.



Multiple Purewell VariHeat boilers and Dorchester DR-FC Evo direct-fired water heaters sharing a common flue header and B23 type flue

Services and Warranty

Purewell VariHeat Boilers

Delivery

Each boiler is despatched fully assembled and factory tested with the casing and control panel fitted. The boiler base has been designed to accept a pallet truck allowing easy manoeuvrability. The assembly is protected with cardboard edging and shrink wrapped for transportation.

The primary flue pipe is supplied separately for fitting on site.

All Hamworthy products are delivered to site on a tail-lift vehicle, and deliveries are closely co-ordinated with the customer, to suit the site construction programme. Standard delivery is to ground level from the tail-lift of the vehicle.

To enquire about special delivery services, please contact our customer services team.

Commissioning and Service

Hamworthy Heating strongly recommend that all boilers are commissioned by our service department. On completion, Hamworthy will issue a boiler log book which will provide details of the initial operating settings. The log book should be used to record any future maintenance and service work

Hamworthy can also provide a range of servicing options tailored to your requirements.

For more information on commissioning and service please contact Hamworthy Heating Service Department: Tel 0845 450 2866.

Warranty

Both the primary and secondary heat exchangers carry a 10 years' parts-only warranty from date of despatch, or, if hamworthy commission the boilers and carry out commissioning within 6 months of the delivery date, then they carry a 10 years' parts and labour warranty from the date of commissioning.

All other Purewell VariHeat parts carry Hamworthy's standard two years' warranty (except for consumables in line with our Terms and Conditions), and where the product is commissioned by Hamworthy service engineers, then the two years' warranty covers parts and labour from date of commissioning if the commissioning is carried out within 6 months of delivery date.

In offering flexible solutions for after sales support, Hamworthy can tailor packages to suit individual customer requirements, many of which include extended warranty benefits.

Full details of warranty terms and conditions are available on request.



Typical Hamworthy tail-lift delivery



Sustainable Heating and Hot Water

Purewell VariHeat Boilers with Renewables

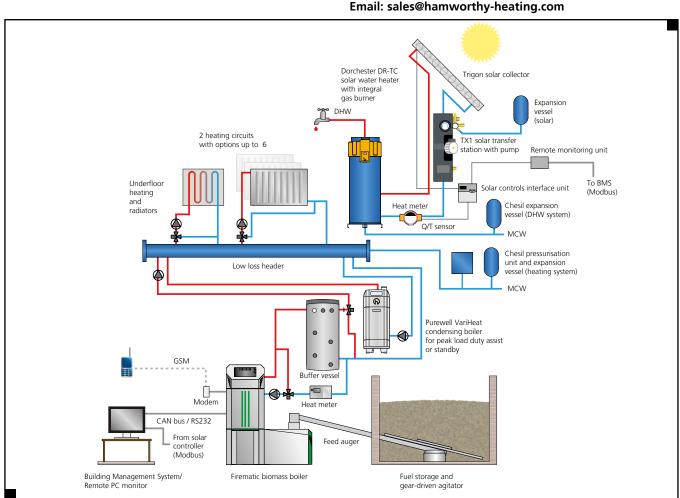
Why Choose Hamworthy?

Hamworthy has extensive knowledge and over 40 years of experience of heating and domestic hot water (DHW) systems for commercial buildings, including supply of gas fired boilers and direct and indirect fired water heaters for peak-load delivery alongside biomass and solar hot water systems. We can advise on the optimum boiler or water heater selection for Whether it's for a new build, or for a refurbishment project, and whether it's a partial or total migration to renewable heating and hot water systems, we have the knowledge and expertise to help guide you through every stage of the process, from feasibility studies to completed installation and ongoing support.

For advice on making the right choice for your heating and hot water systems, talk to Hamworthy.

Tel: 0845 450 2865

Email: sales@hamworthy-heating.com



Purewell VariHeat as duty assist/standby to Hamworthy's biomass renewable heating system, with an independent Hamworthy solar DHW system

A typical Hamworthy renewable solution which has efficiency benefits gained by keeping the DHW system separate from the heating system is shown above, and includes the following equipment:

Renewable heating system (with Purewell VariHeat back-up): Firematic biomass boiler with bespoke automatic wood chip/pellet feed system and fuel store, heat meter low loss header, Chesil pressurisation unit and Burstock expansion vessel. Purewell VariHeat used as peak load duty assist, or standby for the biomass boiler.

Renewable DHW system: Field of Trigon solar collectors feeding a Dorchester DR-TC solar system comprising: Dorchester DR-TC solar water heater with integral gas burner, TX1 solar transfer station and solar controls interface unit, Q/T sensor for heat meter function, and separate expansion vessels for solar and DHW circuits.

The boiler and both renewable systems can be connected to the building management system for remote monitoring. Flues have been omitted for clarity however Hamworthy can supply a comprehensive range of flue solutions to complete the package.



Customer Service Centre

Hamworthy Heating Limited Fleets Corner, Poole, Dorset BH17 OHH

Telephone: **0845 450 2865**

Email: sales@hamworthy-heating.com
Web: www.hamworthy-heating.com

Hammorthy reserves the right to make changes and improvements which may

Hamworthy reserves the right to make changes and improvements which may necessitate alteration to the specification without prior notice.

necessitate anciation to the specificat

500002373 E

Hamworthy Heating Accreditations

ISO 9001 Quality Management System ISO 14001 Environmental Management System OHSAS 18001 Health & Safety Management System

The printed version of this brochure is produced using environmentally friendly print solutions in partnership with our suppliers

